# Annual Report 2024

# Accunia A/S

Store Regnegade 5, 1, 1110 Copenhagen K Business Registration Number 31 07 17 04 Annual report 01.01.2024 – 31.12.2024

The annual report has been adopted at the Company's annual general meeting on April \_\_\_\_ 2025

Chairman of the General Meeting:

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# **Company details**

#### Company

Accunia A/S Store Regnegade 5, 1. 1110 Copenhagen K Business Registration No: 31 07 17 04 Registered in: City of Copenhagen, Denmark

Phone: +45 33 32 70 70 Internet: www.accunia.com E-mail: info@accunia.com

#### **Board of Directors**

Peter Aandahl (Chairman) Jørgen Clausen Carsten Krogh Gomard Allan Gross-Nielsen

**Executive Board** Henrik Nordby Christensen (Chief Executive Officer)

**Company auditors** Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab





### Statement by Management on annual report

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of Accunia A/S for the financial year 01.01.2024 to 31.12.2024.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Business Act and Danish Investment Firms Act ("lov om fondsmæglerselskaber og investeringsservice og -aktiviteter").

In our opinion, the financial statements provide a true and fair view of the Company's financial position at 31.12.2024 and of its financial performance for the financial year 01.01.2024 to 31.12.2024.

In our opinion, the management commentary contains a fair review of developments in the Company's opera-tions and financial matters, as well as a description of material risks and uncertainties which the Company may be influenced.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 2 April 2025

**Board of Directors** 

Peter Aandahl Chairman Jørgen Clausen

Carsten Krogh Gomard

Allan Gross-Nielsen

**Executive Board** 

Henrik Nordby Christensen Chief Executive Officer



# Independent auditor's report

#### To the shareholder of Accunia A/S

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Accunia A/S for the financial year 01.01.2024 to 31.12.2024, which comprise the income statement, statement of comprehensive income, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity, and notes, including the summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Business Act and the Danish Investment Firms Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position at 31.12.2024 and of its financial performance for the financial year 01.01.2024 to 31.12.2024 in accordance with the Danish Financial Business Act and the Danish Investment Firms Act.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Business Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs and additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.



• Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

ACCUNIA

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Business Act and the Danish Investment Firms Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Business Act and the Danish Investment Firms Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.





Copenhagen, 2 April 2025

#### Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Business Registration No. 33 96 35 56

Jens Ringbæk State-Authorised Public Accountant

MNE-no. 27735



# Management commentary

#### **Primary activities**

Accunia A/S is parent company of Accunia Fondsmæglerselskab A/S and ACM Fovaltning A/S. The Group's focus is to provide asset management and investment services to high-net-worth individuals, companies, professional institutional investors and mutual funds. ACM Forvaltning A/S serves as manager of the alternative investment funds (AIF) Kapitalforeningen Accunia Invest, AIF-Værdipapirfonden Accunia Invest and AIF-Værdipapirfonden New Harbour. Accunia Fondsmæglerselskab A/S serves as collateral manager for Accunia European CLO I DAC, Accunia European CLO II DAC and Accunia European CLO IV DAC.

Accunia Group specialises in managing structured credit portfolios. We adhere to an investment policy that emphasises substantial cash flows, combined with a high certainty of repayment at par. The firm possesses substantial expertise in complex debt instruments, including collateralized loan obligations (CLOs), asset-backed securities (ABS), credit-linked notes (CLN), and regulatory capital.

#### Management

The Board of Directors has four members. All four members are also members of the Board of Directors of the subsidiary Accunia Fondsmæglerselskab A/S and ACM Forvaltning A/S, which has two additional members. The Executive Board consists of Henrik Nordby Christensen, who is also Executive Officer with Accunia Fondsmæglerselskab A/S and ACM Forvaltning A/S. The managerial posts held by the members of the Executive Board and the Board of Directors are listed in section "Management duties".

#### Uncertainty relating to recognition and measurement

Please refer to note 2 to the financial statements for a description of accounting estimates. No recognition or measurement uncertainties are deemed to exist in relation to the presentation of the financial statements.

#### Development in activities and finances

Accunia Group's result after tax in 2024 was T.DKK 55,587 compared to T.DKK 43,364 in 2023. The result for 2024 is found satisfactory.

Accunia launched six new funds, Credit Index Strategies I, High Dividend II, US CLO Investment Grade, Credit Index Main I, Credit Index Strategies II og Stable Income III. Accunia has now achieved broad fund platform with 17 specialized credit funds which will be the basis for the growth in the coming years.

The number of full-time employees in the Group is 32 representing three nationalities.

Sale and repurchase of own shares are described in note 20.

#### Events after the balance sheet date

There have been no events that materially affect the assessment of this annual report 2024 after the balance sheet date and up to today's date.

#### **Unusual circumstances**

In previous years Accunia Fondsmæglerselskab A/S has applied a too low VAT deduction rate. It has resulted in a refund from the Danish Tax Agency of T.DKK 15,786 after tax related to the financial years 2020-2023. The comparative figures in the annual report for 2024 have been restated to reflect the correct deduction rate. Please refer to note 5 for a specification of the restated figures.

#### Expectations and other comments on the future

Accunia expects increasing AuM in Kapitalforeningen Accunia Invest and the mutual funds Accunia Invest and New Harbour.



#### **Knowledge resources**

Accunia has many employees holding specialist competencies in investment areas particularly, and continuous efforts are made to attract and retain staff with much experience and many professional skills. This is key in the Company's ability to continue to perform well and maintain its business foundation.

Once a year the Board of Directors evaluates the Company's remuneration policy and, because of the Company's size, it has decided not to appoint a remuneration committee. The remuneration policy is evident from the website <u>www.accunia.com</u>.

#### Specific risks

The primary risks are estimated to be related to the significance of financial market conditions to the Group's risk retention portfolio and returns for customers. Please refer to note 4 for further details on identified risks.

#### **ESG** Approach

Accunia takes a stance when it comes to responsible investing. This is done through clear goals and easily understood restrictions in place covering all investment decisions. Specifically, Accunia has restrictions in place for companies generating income from:

- Thermal coal mining or the generation of electricity using coal
- The production of or trade in controversial weapons
- The production of or trade in tobacco

Accunia's article 8 investment funds report separately on ESG related criteria as part of annual reporting as mandated by SFDR (Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation (EU) 2019/2088).

More information on our ESG approach can be found on our website at <u>accunia.com/esg</u>. We continue to update our ESG approach to ensure that it is complying with applicable regulation and remains relevant for our stakeholders.

#### Underrepresented gender

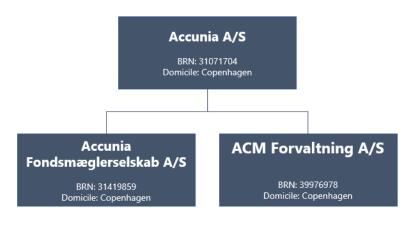
The Board of Directors and the Executive Board want a composition based on diversity in competencies and backgrounds and strive for diversity in relation to, among other things, differences in professionalism, professional experience, ethnicity, gender, and age. The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have decided on the setting of target figures for the share of the underrepresented gender; to strive for the Board of Directors to have at least one representative of the underrepresented gender. For 2024 and the last four financial years, the number of representatives of the underrepresented gender on the Board of Directors and the Executive Board was zero.

However, the Company is exempt from the requirements regarding target figures under the Danish Investment Firm Act, as the Company has fewer than 50 full-time employees.



#### Group structure

At 31 December 2024, Accunia's ownership structure is as follows:



Refer also to www.accunia.com.

# The Board's proposed dividends

The Company proposes to pay 65,089 t.DKK in dividend for the financial year 01.01.2024 to 31.12.2024.





# Management duties Executive Board management duties

Henrik Nordby Christensen Member of the Board: Core Bolig VI Investoraktieselskab Nr. 1 Core Bolig VI Kommanditaktieselskab Ejendomsselskabet Ryesgade Kommanditaktieselskab

#### Management duties – Board of Directors

#### Peter Aandahl

Chairman of the Board: Accunia A/S Accunia Fondsmæglerselskab A/S ACM Forvaltning A/S Kapitalforeningen Accunia Invest

*Member of the Board:* Aandahl A/S United Cargo Handling ApS Letinvest ApS

#### Jørgen Clausen

Chairman of the Board: Buresø Invest ApS BI. Acc. Invest ApS

Member of the Board: Accunia A/S Accunia Fondsmæglerselskab A/S ACM Forvaltning A/S Kapitalforeningen Accunia Invest *Executive in:* Accunia A/S Accunia Fondsmæglerselskab A/S ACM Forvaltning A/S

Executive in: Aandahl A/S United Cargo Handling ApS Kamhusene ApS PMHN AA ApS AG Credit Invest ApS Selecta Ejendomme ApS PAA 001 IVS

*Executive in:* Buresø Invest ApS



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#### Management duties - Board of Directors (continued)

#### Carsten Krogh Gomard

Chairman of the Board: Selma Diagnostics ApS IT-Universitetet 7N A/S

Member of the Board: Accunia A/S Accunia Fondsmæglerselskab A/S ACM Forvaltning A/S Brown Guy ApS HØIBERG P/S HØIBERG InternationalApS EET Group Holdings ApS Omegapoint ApS Kapitalforeningen Accunia Invest Executive in: Carsten Gomard Holding ApS AG Credit Invest ApS

#### Allan Gross-Nielsen

Chairman of the Board: AS3 BtB A/S MCE Holding A/S MCE Ejendom A/S Dansk Erhvervspsykologi A/S GL21 I A/S AS3 Norge AS3 Finland

Member of the Board: Accunia A/S Accunia Fondsmæglerselskab A/S ACM Forvaltning A/S AS3 A/S Ejendomsselskabet AAS A/S Kysing A/S AS3 Sverige Kapitalforeningen Accunia Invest Executive in: AS3 A/S Ejendomsselskabet AAS A/S Gross-Nielsen Holding A/S Kysing A/S Juni Invest 2020 ApS



# Income statement and statement of comprehensive income for 2024

|  | Group   |   | Parent Company  |  |
|--|---|---|---|--|
|  | 2024  | 2023  | 2024  | 2023   |
| Income statement                                       | DKK'000   | DKK'000   | DKK'000   | DKK'000  |
| Financial income                                       | 22,292  | 21,364  | 48  | 58   |
| Financial expenses                                     | (3,467)   | (5,471)   | (36)  | (71)   |
| Net financial income                                   | 18,825  | 15,893  | 12  | (13)   |
| Fee and commission income                              | 118,157   | 98,418  | 0   | 0  |
| Fee and commission expenses                            | (457)   | (502)   | (29)  | (30)   |
| Net financial income, fee and commission income        | 136,525   | 113,809   | (17)  | (43)   |
| Market value adjustments                               | 204   | 2,544   | 0   | 0  |
| Staff costs and administrative expenses                | (59,338)  | (56,771)  | (656)   | (786)  |
| Depreciation and amortisation of intangible and        |   |   |   |  |
| tangible assets  | (1,728)   | (1,663)   | 0   | 0  |
| Income from investments in associates and subsidiaries | 0   | 0   | 56,289  | 43,983   |
| Profit before tax                                      | 75,663  | 57,919  | 55,616  | 43,146   |
| Income tax   | (20,076)  | (14,555)  | (29)  | 218  |
| Profit/loss for the year                               | 55,587  | 43,364  | 55,587  | 43,364   |
| Parent Company   | 55,587  | 43,364  | 0   | 0  |
| Other comprehensive income                             | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0  |
| Other comprehensive income after tax                   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0  |
| Comprehensive income for the year                      | 55,587  | 43,364  | 55,587  | 43,364   |
|  |   |   |   |  |
|  |   |   |   |  |
|  | Financial incomeFinancial expensesNet financial incomeFee and commission incomeFee and commission expensesNet financial income, fee and commission incomeMarket value adjustmentsStaff costs and administrative expensesDepreciation and amortisation of intangible and<br>tangible assetsIncome from investments in associates and subsidiariesProfit before taxIncome taxParent CompanyOther comprehensive incomeOther comprehensive income after tax | 2024Income statementDKK'000Financial income22,292Financial expenses(3,467)Net financial income18,825Fee and commission income118,157Fee and commission expenses(457)Net financial income, fee and commission income136,525Market value adjustments204Staff costs and administrative expenses(59,338)Depreciation and amortisation of intangible and0tangible assets(1,728)Income from investments in associates and subsidiaries0Profit before tax75,663Income tax(20,076)Profit/loss for the year55,587Other comprehensive income0Other comprehensive income after tax0Distribution of comprehensive income for the year55,587 | 2024 2023   Income statement DKK'000 DKK'000   Financial income 22,292 21,364   Financial expenses (3,467) (5,471)   Net financial income 18,825 15,893   Fee and commission income 118,157 98,418   Fee and commission expenses (457) (502)   Net financial income, fee and commission income 136,525 113,809   Market value adjustments 204 2,544   Staff costs and administrative expenses (59,338) (56,771)   Depreciation and amortisation of intangible and 1 1   tangible assets (1,728) (1,663)   Income from investments in associates and subsidiaries 0 0   Profit before tax 75,663 57,919   Income tax (20,076) (14,555)   Profit/loss for the year 55,587 43,364   Other comprehensive income after tax 0 0   Other comprehensive income for the year 55,587 43,364   Distribution of comprehensive income for the year | 2024 2023 2024   Income statement DKK'000 DKK'000 DKK'000   Financial income 22,292 21,364 48   Financial expenses (3,467) (5,471) (36)   Net financial income 18,825 15,893 12   Fee and commission income 118,157 98,418 0   Fee and commission expenses (457) (502) (29)   Net financial income, fee and commission income 136,525 113,809 (17)   Market value adjustments 204 2,544 0   Staff costs and administrative expenses (59,338) (56,771) (656)   Depreciation and amortisation of intangible and tangible assets 0 0 56,289   Profit before tax 75,663 57,919 55,616 1 1   Income tax (20,076) (14,555) (29) 1   Profit/loss for the year 55,587 43,364 0 0   Other comprehensive income after tax 0 0 0 0 </td |

| Dividend for the financial year | 65,089  | 29,816 |
|---------------------------------|---------|--------|
| Retained earnings               | (9,502) | 13,548 |





# Balance sheet at 31.12.2024

|      |  |            |            | Parent Company |            |
|------|--|------------|------------|----------------|------------|
|      |  | 31.12.2024 | 31.12.2023 | 31.12.2024     | 31.12.2023 |
| Note | Balance Sheet  | DKK'000    | DKK'000    | DKK'000        | DKK'000    |
| 12   | Receiv. from credit institutions and central banks     | 78,745     | 33,142     | 11,719         | 791        |
| 13   | Bonds at fair value                                    | 30,780     | 47,130     | 0              | 0          |
| 13   | Bonds at amortised cost                                | 345,925    | 447,415    | 0              | 0          |
| 14   | Investments in subsidiaries                            | 0          | 0          | 315,775        | 289,403    |
| 15   | Land and property                                      | 8,529      | 1,531      | 0              | 0          |
| 16   | Other tangible assets                                  | 266        | 454        | 0              | 0          |
|      | Intangible assets                                      | 37,209     | 37,209     | 0              | 0          |
|      | Current tax assets                                     | 0          | 0          | 2,768          | 5,854      |
|      | Deferred tax assets                                    | 177        | 250        | 142            | 198        |
| 17   | Other assets   | 46,455     | 55,238     | 6,839          | 99         |
|      | Prepayments  | 2,090      | 2,280      | 0              | 0          |
| _    | Total assets   | 550,176    | 624,649    | 337,243        | 296,345    |
|      |  |            |            |                |            |
|      | Current tax liabilities                                | 17,072     | 7,357      | 0              | 0          |
|      | Deferred tax liabilities                               | 279        | 0          | 0              | 0          |
| 18   | Other liabilities                                      | 208,153    | 321,727    | 12,572         | 780        |
|      | Total liabilities                                      | 225,504    | 329,084    | 12,572         | 780        |
| 19   | Share capital  | 1,520      | 1,491      | 1,520          | 1,491      |
|      | Retained earnings                                      | 258,062    | 264,258    | 79,723         | 130,936    |
|      | Reserve for net revaluation according to equity method | 0          | 0          | 178,339        | 133,322    |
|      | Proposed dividend                                      | 65,089     | 29,816     | 65,089         | 29,816     |
|      | Total equity   | 324,671    | 295,565    | 324,671        | 295,565    |
|      | Parent Company   | 324,671    | 296,345    | 0              | 0          |
|      | Total equity and liabilities                           | 550,175    | 624,649    | 337,243        | 296,345    |





# Statement of changes in equity (Group)

|                                   | Share   | Retained | Proposed | Minority  |          |
|-----------------------------------|---------|----------|----------|-----------|----------|
|                                   | Capital | earnings | dividend | interests | Total    |
| 2024                              | DKK'000 | DKK'000  | DKK'000  | DKK'000   | DKK'000  |
| Equity 01.01.2024                 | 1,491   | 264,258  | 29,816   | 0         | 295,565  |
| Profit/loss for the year          | 0       | (9,502)  | 65,089   | 0         | 55,587   |
| Other comprehensive income        | 0       | 0        | 0        | 0         | 0        |
| Comprehensive income for the year | 0       | (9,502)  | 65,089   | 0         | 55,587   |
|                                   |         |          |          |           |          |
| Paid dividend                     | 0       | 358      | (29,816) | 0         | (29,458) |
| Fair value adjustments            | 0       | 0        | 0        | 0         | 0        |
| Capital increase                  | 29      | 6,050    | 0        | 0         | 6,079    |
| Repurchase/sale of own shares     | 0       | (3,102)  | 0        | 0         | (3,102)  |
| Equity 31.12.2024                 | 1,520   | 258,062  | 65,089   | 0         | 324,671  |

|                                   | Share   | Retained | Proposed | Minority  |          |
|-----------------------------------|---------|----------|----------|-----------|----------|
|                                   | Capital | earnings | dividend | interests | Total    |
| 2023                              | DKK'000 | DKK'000  | DKK'000  | DKK'000   | DKK'000  |
| Equity 01.01.2023                 | 1,476   | 247,520  | 35,000   | 0         | 283,996  |
| Profit/loss for the year          | 0       | 13,548   | 29,816   | 0         | 43,364   |
| Other comprehensive income        | 0       | 0        | 0        | 0         | 0        |
| Comprehensive income for the year | 0       | 13,548   | 30,000   | 0         | 43,364   |
|                                   |         |          |          |           |          |
| Paid dividend                     | 0       | 387      | (35,000) | 0         | (34,613) |
| Fair value adjustments            | 0       | 0        | 0        | 0         | 0        |
| Capital increase                  | 0       | 102      | 0        | 0         | 102      |
| Repurchase/sale of own shares     | 15      | 2,701    | 0        | 0         | 2,716    |
| Equity 31.12.2023                 | 1,491   | 264,258  | 29,816   | 0         | 295,565  |





# Notes to the financial statements

#### Significant notes

- 1. Significant accounting policies and changes in accounting policies
- 2. Significant judgements and estimates, assumptions and uncertainties
- 3. Capital and solvency
- 4. Financial risks, policies and targets for managing financial risks
- 5. Five-year summary

#### Income statement and statement of comprehensive income

- 6. Net financial income, fee and commission by geographical markets
- 7. Financial income
- 8. Financial expenses
- 9. Market value adjustments
- 10. Staff costs and administrative expenses
- 11. Income tax

#### **Balance sheet**

- 12. Receivables from credit institutions and central banks according to maturity
- 13. Bonds
- 14. Investments in subsidiaries
- 15. Land and property
- 16. Other tangible assets
- 17. Other assets
- 18. Debt to credit institutions and central banks
- 19. Other liabilities
- 20. Share capital

#### Other notes

- 21. Contingent liabilities
- 22. Related parties
- 23. Consolidation
- 24. Shareholder relations





#### 1. Significant accounting policies and changes in accounting policies

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Investment Firm Act ("lov om fondsmæglerselskaber og investeringsservice og -aktiviteter") and the Danish Financial Business Act ("Lov om Finansiel virksomhed"), including the Executive Order on Financial Reports for Credit Institutions and Asset Management Companies etc.

The accounting policies are consistent with those applied in the annual report 2023.

The financial statements have been presented in Danish kroner, rounded to the nearest thousand.

In previous years Accunia Fondsmæglerselskab A/S has applied a too low VAT deduction rate. It has resulted in a refund from the Danish Tax Agency of T.DKK 15,786 after tax related to the financial years 2020-2023, whereas T.DKK 3,543 are related to 2020, T.DKK 3,089 are related to 2021, T.DKK 4,246 are related to 2022, and T.DKK 4,908 are related to 2023. The comparative figures in the annual report for 2024 have been restated to reflect the correct deduction rate.

#### **Recognition and measurement**

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at market value. However, intangible and tangible assets are measured at cost on initial recognition. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is affected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

The purchase and sale of financial instruments are recognised on the trading day, and such recognition ceases when the right to have cash inflow and outflow from the financial asset or liability has expired, or if such right has been transferred, and the Company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. The Company does not apply the rules of classification of certain financial assets from fair value to amortised cost.

#### Translation of foreign currency

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the rate in effect at the payment date, or the rate at the balance sheet date, are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

#### **Consolidated financial statements**

The consolidated financial statements comprise the Parent Company Accunia A/S and the wholly-owned subsidiaries Accunia Fondsmæglerselskab A/S and ACM Forvaltning A/S.

The consolidated financial statements are prepared on the basis of the financial statements of Accunia A/S and its whollyowned subsidiaries mentioned above. The consolidated financial statements are prepared combining uniform financial statement items. On consolidation, intra-group income and expenses, intra-group accounts and dividend as well as profits and losses on transactions involving consolidated enterprises are eliminated. The financial statements used for consolidation have been prepared applying the Group's accounting policies.





Investments in subsidiaries are eliminated by net assets of such subsidiaries.

#### Income statement and statement of comprehensive income

#### Financial income, fees and commissions

Interest income and expenses are recognised in the income statement for the period in which they arise. Commissions and fees on services rendered over a period, e.g. fee on asset management, are accrued over the period. Fees for carrying out a certain transaction, e.g., commissions and custodian fees, are recognised as income/expenses, when the transaction is completed.

#### Staff costs and administrative expenses

Staff costs comprise salaries and wages as well as social security costs etc for the Company's staff. Costs for services and benefits to the employees are recognised when achieved by the employee entitling them to the services and goods.

#### Depreciation and amortisation of tangible assets

Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Fixtures and furniture 3-5 years

Other tangible assets are impairment tested when there is evidence of losses, and the asset is written down to

its recoverable amount which is the higher of net selling price and value in use.

#### Other operating income and expenses

Other operating income and expenses comprise income and expenses of a nature secondary to the Company's activities.

#### Income taxes

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit/loss for the year and in other comprehensive income or recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to other comprehensive income and entries directly in equity, respectively.

The current tax payable or receivable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax calculated on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.

When computing the current tax for the year, the tax rates and tax rules in effect at the balance sheet date are used. Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax-based value of assets and liabilities. Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net assets.

The Parent Company is jointly taxed with all Danish enterprises in which a controlling interest is exercised. Current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed Danish enterprises proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognized in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets. At every balance sheet date, it is assessed whether sufficient taxable income is likely to arise in the future for the deferred tax asset to be used.



#### **Balance sheet**

#### **Financial assets**

Initially, financial assets are recognised at fair value at the time of recognition. Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value depending on the classification of the individual instrument.

Financial assets are classified in the following categories:

- Bonds carried at fair value are measured through the income statement. These are traded on active markets and the fair value is calculated based on the closing price at the balance sheet date. Bonds redeemed are measured at present value.
- Bonds at amortised cost that the Company intends, and is obliged as risk retention holder, to hold until maturity are classified as held-to-maturity bonds, if they fulfil the criteria of possession for enforcement of contractual conditions and that the cash flows solely consist of principal instalments and interests. Bonds classified as held-to-maturity are measured at amortised cost. Amortisation premiums or allowances are recognised in profit or loss under the effective interest method.

According to IFRS 9, an assessment of each tranche in the CLO must be made to determine whether it shall be measured at fair value or amortised cost (SPPI-test).

To comply with the SPPI-test and thereby for the position to be carried at amortised cost, firstly, the CLO position in it of itself must be characterised by contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding on the position. The cashflow generated by the rated CLO notes are made of up quarterly interest payments calculated based on the principal amount outstanding and redemption at par on or ahead of maturity. Hence, the criteria is fulfilled.

Secondly, the underlying asset pool must contain one or more instruments that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. As CLOs, hereunder the Accunia CLOs must contractually consist predominantly of secured loans this criteria is per definition be fulfilled.

Thirdly, the credit rating on each position should be higher than the average rating of the underlying portfolio to be carried at amortised costs. If the rating is lower than the average, the tranches will be carried at fair value. The Company has processes in place to assess whether the condition is fulfilled.

#### Bonds at fair value

The classification of the risk retention portfolio at fair value is recognised and measured in accordance with IFRS 9. The classification of risk retention positions at fair value are based on an assessment of the rating compared to the average rating of the underlying portfolio.

#### Bonds at amortised cost

Positions carried at amortised cost are measured as the nominal value adjusted for instalments, currency adjustments, estimation of amortisation premiums, and other accounting adjustments as applicable.

According to IFRS 9, positions carried at amortised cost should be divided into three stages. First stage includes bonds measured at amortised cost without significant increase in credit risk compared to the time of recognition. In this group, write-downs are made at the time of first recognition corresponding to the expected credit loss due to default in the first 12 months. The initial write-down for risk retentions positions carried at amortised cost was assumed to be close to DKK zero, as the value of the tranches at the time of recognition is based on the nominal value (cf. IFRS 13). If significant changes to the credit risk occurs, the tranches will move to stage 2 or 3, and write-downs corresponding to the expected credit loss are made.



#### Receivables from credit institutions and central banks

Receivables from credit institutions and central banks include receivables from other credit institutions and time deposits with central banks. Receivables are measured at current value. Payables are measured at amortised cost.

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#### Land and property

At first recognition, the lease asset concerning properties is measured at the present value of the lease liability, with the addition of costs and prepayments. The rented property is subsequently measured at cost price less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Linear depreciation is charged over the expected rental period.

Depreciations are linear and based on the following expected rental period:

Leased properties 5 years

Leases for properties are assessed for impairment when there are indications of depreciation and are written down to the recoverable amount, which is the highest of the net selling price and value in use.

#### Other tangible assets

On initial recognition tangible assets are measured at cost. Cost comprises the acquisition price, costs directly attributable to the acquisition, and preparation costs of the asset until the time when the asset is ready to be put into operation.

#### Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are recognised according to the equity method. This means that, in the balance sheet, investments are measured at the pro rata share of the enterprises' equity plus or minus unrealised intra-group profits and losses.

The Parent Company's share of the enterprises' profits or losses after the elimination of unrealised intra-group profits and losses are recognised in the income statement.

Net revaluation of investments in subsidiaries and associates is taken to reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method if the carrying amount exceeds cost.

#### Other assets

Other assets comprise other assets not belonging to other assets. Other assets include revenue not due until after the reporting period, retaining receivable financial income, and dividends. On initial recognition, other assets are measured at cost, and subsequently at amortised cost.

#### Prepayments (assets)

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

#### Provisions

Liabilities, guarantees, and other liabilities, which are uncertain in terms of amount or time of settlement, are recognised as provisions when it is probable that the liability will lead to an outflow of the Investment Company's financial resources, and the liability can be measured reliably. The liability is stated at the present value of the costs that are necessary to meet the obligation. Liabilities due more than 12 months after the vesting period are discounted.

#### Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to nominal value. Other financial liabilities include risk retention financing arrangements, provisions for staff costs, and liabilities to creditors.

#### Equity

#### Treasury shares

Acquisition and selling prices as well as dividends on treasury shares are recognised directly in retained earnings in equity.



#### **Financial highlights**

Financial highlights are compiled in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Executive Order on Financial Reports for Credit Institutions and Investment Companies etc., as well as in accordance with the Recommendations & Ratios of CFA Society Denmark.

compiled in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Executive Order on Financial Reports for Credit Institutions and Investment Companies etc., as well as in accordance with the Recommendations & Ratios of CFA Society Denmark.

#### 2. Significant judgements and estimates, assumptions and uncertainties

The financial statements are prepared based on specific assumptions which involve the use of judgements and estimates. These judgements and estimates are made by the Investment Company's Management in accordance with the accounting policies and based on historical experience as well as assumptions which Management considers reasonable and conservative.

#### Bonds at amortised cost and fair value

The value of financial assets carried at fair value is determined using a price from a third-party pricing source. If no such price can be obtained, the value is determined using a generally accepted valuation technique, such as the use of reference to similar new transactions among independent parties, reference to other similar instruments, analyses of discounted cash flows as well as other models based on observable market data. The Company has a portfolio (non-risk retention positions) of various bonds, which are carried at fair value. This portfolio has been recognised at T.DKK 5,061 (2023: T.DKK 4,687). Furthermore, the part of the risk retention portfolio carried at fair value has been recognised at T.DKK 25,719 (2023: T.DKK 26,312).

Furthermore, all risk retention notes carried at amortised cost remain in stage 1, as there has been no significant adverse change to their credit risk, taking into account, among other things, changes in credit ratings and payments due within the next 12 months. The portfolio measured at amortised cost has been recognised at T.DKK 345,925 (2023: T.DKK 387,038) in the financial statements.

#### Intangible assets

The value of intangible assets is tested yearly unless a more frequent test is deemed necessary. The test assesses the need for a write-down and is based on budgeted future cash flows. The test shows a large excess capital and therefore no write-down is recognised.





|                                    | Group    |          |
|------------------------------------|----------|----------|
|                                    | 2024     | 2023     |
| 3. Capital and solvency            | DKK'000  | DKK'000  |
| Composition of capital             |          |          |
| Equity                             | 324,671  | 295,564  |
| Proposed dividend                  | (65,089) | (29,816) |
| Goodwill                           | (37,209) | (37,209) |
| Deferred tax assets                | (177)    | (250)    |
| Core capital and capital           | 222,196  | 228,289  |
| Key ratios                         |          |          |
| Common equity tier 1 capital ratio | 487.6    | 494.7    |
| Core capital ratio                 | 487.6    | 494.7    |
| Capital ratio                      | 487.6    | 494.7    |

#### 4. Financial risks, policies and targets for managing financial risks

The Company is exposed to various types of risks. The objective of the Company's risk management policies is to minimise potential losses arising due to unpredictable changes in, for example, the financial markets.

#### General

The Company continuously develops tools to identify and manage relevant risks. The Board of Directors lays down the overall framework and principles for risk management and receives regular risk reporting. The daily risk management is conducted by the Head of Risk Management and the Executive Board.

Almost all of the Company's assets are held for the benefit of risk retention on the four Accunia CLOs. Risk retention requirements serve to impose a share of risk in the structure on the risk retention holder, aligning the risk with that of investors. Therefore, risk retention exposures may not be hedged. The risk retention requirements are governed by Regulation 575/2013 (the CRR Regulation) and Regulation 2017/2402 (the STS Regulation). In connection with the role as collateral manager of and sponsor for the four Accunia CLOs, Accunia Fondsmæglerselskab A/S also acts as risk retention holder. The risk retention holder must retain economic risk in accordance with the STS Regulation. Specifically, Accunia Fondsmæglerselskab A/S retains economic risk on a minimum of 5 pct. of each risk class issued by the four Accunia CLOs.

#### Credit risks

The Company has a substantial risk linked to the credit risk on the underlying assets in the Accunia CLOs. Firstly, for its risk retention positions, the Company has an indirect credit risk on the underlying loans (leveraged loans), as it effectively holds a 5% unitranche in each of the four Accunia CLOs. The value of the risk retention positions will therefore be adversely affected by adverse credit changes in the underlying assets. Each CLO has a waterfall structure, which means that losses will be absorbed by the lowest-ranking tranches first. If losses pass a certain threshold, the waterfall ensures that rated notes are protected by diverting interest payments from lower ranking notes to amortise senior notes.

Secondly, the Company receives collateral management fees from the Accunia CLOs. If losses occur in the underlying portfolios lowering the collateral cushions in a given CLO below a certain threshold, the subordinated part of the collateral management fee will be deferred to later and instead diverted to pay down the principal on senior notes.

#### Market risks

As the Company is required to hold the risk retention position in the four Accunia CLOs until maturity, the risk retention notes except for certain junior notes are carried at amortised cost and pose no market risk that influences the financial statement. The remaining investments are carried at fair value and therefore do have a market risk attached to them.



Depending on the particular asset, market risks may materialise due to a general increase in the credit spread for that type of financial assets or due to specific risk factors for the individual asset. The market price of a given CLO note may be affected by changes to market prices or losses on underlying assets. The majority of the company's financial assets are debt securities, which are expected to be redeemed at par on or before legal maturity.

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#### Liquidity risks

The Company maintains adequate cash and cash equivalents in the form of bank deposits and liquid bonds. Most of the company's cash flow stems from CLO management fees, which the company receives quarterly. Most other cash flow, such as interest and amortisation payments on investments are also received quarterly.

#### **Operational risks**

To reduce losses from operational risks, the Company has developed a number of policies, business procedures, and control procedures. Key elements are the policies and business procedures dealing with the employee's use of the Company's portfolio management systems, IT in general, customer data and other sensitive information, and emergency plans.

#### Settlement risks

Being an investment company, the Company is not an account-holding institution and do not accept deposits. Both when investing own funds and when carrying out customer orders, the term "payment against delivery" is generally applied.

|   | 2024     | 2023     | 2022     | 2021     | 2020     |
|---|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| 5. Five-year summary                      | DKK'000  | DKK'000  | DKK'000  | DKK'000  | DKK'000  |
| Group financial highlights                |          |          |          |          |          |
| Profit and loss                           |          |          |          |          |          |
| Net financial income, fees and commission | 136,525  | 113,809  | 89,361   | 101,073  | 91,867   |
| Market value adjustments                  | 204      | 2,544    | (15,399) | (2,557)  | (14,101) |
| Staff costs and administrative expenses   | (59,338) | (56,771) | (56,259) | (51,508) | (52,253) |
| Profit after tax                          | 55,587   | 43,364   | 12,416   | 35,346   | 19,717   |
| Balance sheet                             |          |          |          |          |          |
| Equity                                    | 324,671  | 295,565  | 283,996  | 284,839  | 252,524  |
| Total assets                              | 541,647  | 624,649  | 655,605  | 735,195  | 744,526  |
| Key ratios                                |          |          |          |          |          |
| Capital ratio (%)*                        | 487.55   | 494.7    | 477.7    | 406.0    | 19       |
| Core capital ratio (%)*                   | 487.55   | 494.7    | 477.7    | 406.0    | 19       |
| Return on equity before taxes (%)         | 24.40    | 19.99    | 5.67     | 16.95    | 10.00    |
| Return on equity after taxes (%)          | 17.9     | 15.0     | 4.4      | 13.2     | 8.2      |
| Profit per unit of costs                  | 2.2      | 2.0      | 1.3      | 1.9      | 1.5      |
| Return on capital employed                | 10.3     | 6.9      | 1.9      | 4.8      | 2.6      |

\*The accounting policies applied for 2021 have changed as a result of the implementation of Regulation (EU) 2019/2033 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 November 2019. The Regulation entails changes to the companies' calculation of capital percentages. Thus, the capital ratios are not directly comparable with the periods prior 2021.





In previous years Accunia Fondsmæglerselskab A/S has applied a too low VAT deduction rate. It has resulted in a refund from the Danish Tax Agency of T.DKK 15,786 after tax related to the financial years 2020-2023, whereas T.DKK 3,543 are related to 2020, T.DKK 3,089 are related to 2021, T.DKK 4,246 are related to 2022, and T.DKK 4,908 are related to 2023. Comparative figures and key ratios are restated to reflect the correct VAT deduction rate. Comparative figures and key ratios are restated to reflect the correct shows changes in restated figures:

|   | 2023    | 2022    | 2021    | 2020    |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Changes related to corrected deduction rate | DKK'000 | DKK'000 | DKK'000 | DKK'000 |
|   |         |         |         |         |
| Profit and loss                             |         |         |         |         |
| Net financial income, fees and commission   | 1,618   | (191)   | (214)   | 0       |
| Market value adjustments                    | 0       | 0       | 0       | 0       |
| Staff costs and administrative expenses     | 4,944   | 5,688   | 4,235   | 3,543   |
| Profit after tax                            | 4,908   | 4,246   | 3,089   | 3,543   |
|   |         |         |         |         |
| Balance sheet                               |         |         |         |         |
| Equity                                      | 15,787  | 10,878  | 6,632   | 3,543   |
| Other assets                                | 15,787  | 10,878  | 6,632   | 3,543   |
|   |         |         |         |         |
| Key ratios                                  |         |         |         |         |
| Common equity tier 1 capital ratio          | 34.2    | 24.6    | (10.8)  | 0.0     |
| Capital ratio (%)*                          | 34.2    | 24.6    | (10.8)  | 0.0     |
| Core capital ratio (%)*                     | 1.4     | 1.8     | 1.1     | 1.4     |
| Return on equity before taxes (%)           | 1.1     | 1.4     | 1.0     | 1.5     |
| Return on equity after taxes (%)            | 0.2     | 0.1     | 0.2     | 0.2     |
| Profit per unit of costs                    | 0.6     | 0.6     | 0.4     | 0.4     |
| Return on capital employed                  | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     |

# Net financial income, fee income and commission by geographical markets

| 6. Net Financial Income, fee income and commission | Group   | )       | Parent Company |         |
|--|---------|---------|----------------|---------|
|  | 2024    | 2023    | 2024           | 2023    |
| by geographical markets                            | DKK'000 | DKK'000 | DKK'000        | DKK'000 |
| Denmark  | 73,636  | 27,582  | (16,528)       | (43)    |
| Europe   | 60,772  | 61,970  | 0              | 0       |
| Total  | 134,408 | 89,552  | (16,528)       | (43)    |

| Denmark | 0       | (3)      | 0 | (8) |
|---------|---------|----------|---|-----|
| Europe  | 204,492 | (15,396) | 0 | 0   |
| Total   | 204,492 | (15,399) | 0 | (8) |





|  | Group   | )       | Parent Co | mpany   |
|--|---------|---------|-----------|---------|
|  | 2024    | 2023    | 2024      | 2023    |
| 7. Financial income                                    | DKK'000 | DKK'000 | DKK'000   | DKK'000 |
| Receivables from credit institutions and central banks | 550     | 620     | 48        | 58      |
| Bonds  | 20,908  | 18,847  | 0         | 0       |
| Other financial income                                 | 834     | 1,897   | 0         | 0       |
| Total financial income                                 | 22,292  | 21,364  | 48        | 58      |
| 8. Financial expenses                                  |         |         |           |         |
| Credit institutions and central banks                  | (59)    | (93)    | (36)      | (71)    |
| Other financial expenses                               | (3,408) | (5,378) | 0         | 0       |
| Total financial expenses                               | (3,467) | (5,471) | (36)      | (71)    |

|                             | Group   |         | Parent Co | mpany   |
|-----------------------------|---------|---------|-----------|---------|
|                             | 2024    | 2023    | 2024      | 2023    |
| 9. Market value adjustments | DKK'000 | DKK'000 | DKK'000   | DKK'000 |
| Bonds                       | 237     | 2,161   | 0         | 0       |
| Currency                    | (33)    | 383     | 0         | (8)     |
| Value adjustments           | 204     | 2,544   | 0         | (8)     |

| 10. Staff costs and administrative expenses   |          |          |       |       |
|---|----------|----------|-------|-------|
| Staff costs                                   | (44,216) | (40,984) | (596) | (671) |
| Other administrative expenses                 | (15,122) | (16,324) | (60)  | (115) |
| Total staff costs and administrative expenses | (59,338) | (56,771) | (656) | (786) |

| Staff costs  |          |          |       |       |
|--|----------|----------|-------|-------|
| Salaries and other staff costs                               | (41,229) | (38,276) | (583) | (581) |
| Pension  | (234)    | (554)    | 0     | 0     |
| Other social security costs                                  | (487)    | (577)    | 0     | (1)   |
| Charges calculated on the basis of number of staff           | (1,238)  | (848)    | (13)  | (89)  |
| Stock-based compensation                                     | (1,028)  | (729)    | 0     | 0     |
| Total staff costs  | (44,216) | (40,984) | (596) | (671) |
|  |          |          |       |       |
| Average number of employees converted to full-time employees | 32       | 32       | 1     | 1     |

| Remuneration of the Executive Board, Board of     |         |         |           |         |
|---|---------|---------|-----------|---------|
| Directors and staff with significant influence on | Gro     | oup     | Parent Co | ompany  |
| the risk profile                                  | 2024    | 2023    | 2024      | 2023    |
|   | DKK'000 | DKK'000 | DKK'000   | DKK'000 |
| Contractual remuneration - Staff                  | (1,994) | (1,959) | (43)      | (38)    |

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| Pension contributions - Staff                                      | (99)    | (8)     | (2)   | 0     |
|--|---------|---------|-------|-------|
| Contractual remuneration – Executives and Board of Directors       | (5,952) | (4,957) | (545) | (543) |
| Pension contributions – Executives and Board of Directors          | 0       | 0       | 0     | 0     |
| Correction to previous years (Board of Directors)                  | (1,000) | 0       | 0     | 0     |
| Total contractual remuneration                                     | (9,045) | (6,923) | (590) | (581) |
| Variable cash remuneration - Staff                                 | (150)   | (60)    | 0     | 0     |
| Variable cash remuneration – Executives and Board of Directors     | 0       | 0       | 0     | 0     |
| Variable share-based remuneration – Staff                          | (6)     | 0       | 0     | 0     |
| Variable share-based remuneration –                                |         |         |       |       |
| Executives and Board of Directors                                  | (130)   | (463)   | 0     | 0     |
| Total variable remuneration  | (286)   | (523)   | 0     | 0     |
| Total remuneration   | (9,331) | (7,386) | (590) | (581) |
| Number of members of the Executive Board                           | 1       | 1       | 1     | 1     |
| Number of members of the Board of Directors                        | 4       | 4       | 4     | 4     |
| Number of employees with significant influence on the risk profile | 2       | 2       | 2     | 2     |

For detailed information on remuneration to employees with impact on the risk profile, Executive Board, and the Board of Directors, see remuneration report on www.accunia.com/dokumenter.

#### Special incentive programmes

No special incentive programmes exist for the Board of Directors.

A bonus agreement has been set up with the Chief Executive Officer, under which any bonus earned may be granted through share options, deferred shares and shares. The termination benefit amounts to 18 months' salary should the Executive Board be terminated by the Board of Directors. In the event of termination of the employment, the term of notice on the part of the Company is 18 months and it is 12 months on the part of the Chief Executive Officer.

|  | Group   |         | Parent Co | mpany   |
|--|---------|---------|-----------|---------|
|  | 2024    | 2023    | 2024      | 2023    |
| Audit fee  | DKK'000 | DKK'000 | DKK'000   | DKK'000 |
| Statutory audit of the financial statements  | (295)   | (268)   | (33)      | (30)    |
| Other assurance engagements  | (31)    | (54)    | 0         | 0       |
| Tax advisory   | (26)    | (24)    | (13)      | (12)    |
| Other non-audit services   | (459)   | (1,891) | 0         | 0       |
| Total fees to the audit firm elected by the Annual<br>General Meeting to carry out the statutory audit | (811)   | (2,237) | (46)      | (218)   |

|                                 | Group    | Group    |         | mpany   |
|---------------------------------|----------|----------|---------|---------|
|                                 | 2024     | 2023     | 2024    | 2023    |
| 11. Income tax                  | DKK'000  | DKK'000  | DKK'000 | DKK'000 |
| Current tax                     | (19,840) | (14,655) | 0       | 198     |
| Change in deferred tax          | (64)     | 80       | 142     | 0       |
| Adjustments for previous years  | (172)    | 20       | (171)   | 20      |
| Tax on profit/loss for the year | (20,076) | (14,555) | (29)    | 218     |



The current income tax for the financial year is computed on the basis of a tax rate of 22% for Danish enterprises (2023: 22%). For foreign enterprises, the current tax rate in the country in question is used.

| Effective tax rate                           | 26.53%  | 25.12%  | 0.05%     | 0.57%   |
|--|---------|---------|-----------|---------|
|  |         |         |           |         |
|  | Group   | )       | Parent Co | mpany   |
| 12. Receivables from credit institutions and | 2024    | 2023    | 2024      | 2023    |
| central banks according to maturity          | DKK'000 | DKK'000 | DKK'000   | DKK'000 |
| Request                                      | 78,745  | 33,142  | 11,719    | 791     |
| Receivables from credit institutions         | 78,745  | 33,142  | 11,719    | 791     |
|  |         |         |           |         |
| 13. Bonds                                    |         |         |           |         |
| Collateral Loan Obligations                  | 4,316   | 19,356  | 0         | 0       |
| Risk Retention - CLO                         | 25,719  | 26,483  | 0         | 0       |
| Other bonds                                  | 745     | 1,291   | 0         | 0       |
| Total bonds at fair value                    | 30,780  | 47,130  | 0         | 0       |
| Bonds at amortised cost                      | 345,925 | 447,415 | 0         | 0       |

| Bonds at amortised cost                                 | 345,925 | 447,415 | 0 | 0 |
|---|---------|---------|---|---|
| Total bonds at amortised cost                           | 345,925 | 447,415 | 0 | 0 |
| Impairment losses on bonds at amortised cost (year-end) | 0       | 0       | 0 | 0 |
| Total bonds at amortised cost                           | 345,925 | 447,415 | 0 | 0 |
| Fair value of bonds at amortised cost                   | 346,485 | 435,836 | 0 | 0 |
|   |         |         |   |   |

|                                     | Grou    | Group   |          | ıp Parent Co |  | ompany |
|-------------------------------------|---------|---------|----------|--------------|--|--------|
|                                     | 2024    | 2023    | 2024     | 2023         |  |        |
| 14. Investments in subsidiaries     | DKK'000 | DKK'000 | DKK'000  | DKK'000      |  |        |
| Cost at 01.01.                      | 0       | 0       | 52,433   | 52,433       |  |        |
| Additions for the year              | 0       | 0       | 0        | 0            |  |        |
| Disposals during the year           | 0       | 0       | 0        | 0            |  |        |
| Cost at end of period               | 0       | 0       | 52,433   | 52,433       |  |        |
|                                     |         |         |          |              |  |        |
| Net revaluations at 01.01.          | 0       | 0       | 236,970  | 230,886      |  |        |
| Net share of profit for the year    | 0       | 0       | 56,289   | 43,983       |  |        |
| Dividend received from subsidiaries | 0       | 0       | (30,000) | (38,000)     |  |        |
| Repurchase/sale of own shares       | 0       | 0       | 83       | 101          |  |        |
| Revaluations                        | 0       | 0       | 0        | 0            |  |        |
| Impairment losses                   | 0       | 0       | 0        | 0            |  |        |
| Net revaluations at end of period   | 0       | 0       | 263,342  | 236,970      |  |        |
| Carrying amount at end of period    | 0       | 0       | 315,775  | 289,403      |  |        |



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| Ownership |      | Voting<br>rights |
|-----------|------|------------------|
| Denmark   | 100% | 100%             |
| Denmark   | 100% | 100%             |
|           |      | Denmark 100%     |

|   | Group   |         | Parent Co | mpany   |
|---|---------|---------|-----------|---------|
|   | 2024    | 2023    | 2024      | 2023    |
| 15. Land and property                       | DKK'000 | DKK'000 | DKK'000   | DKK'000 |
| Cost at 01.01                               | 7,024   | 6,955   | 0         | 0       |
| Additions for the year                      | 8,539   | 69      | 0         | 0       |
| Disposals during the year                   | 0       | 0       | 0         | 0       |
| Cost at 31.12                               | 15,563  | 7,024   | 0         | 0       |
| Depreciation and impairment losses at 01.01 | (5,493) | (4,004) | 0         | 0       |
| Depreciation for the year                   | (1,541) | (1,489) | 0         | 0       |
| Depreciation and impairment losses at 31.12 | (7,034) | (5,493) | 0         | 0       |
| Carrying amount at 31.12                    | 8,529   | 1,531   | 0         | 0       |

### 16. Other tangible assets

| Cost at 01.01.                              | 985   | 607   | 0 | 0 |
|---|-------|-------|---|---|
| Additions for the year                      | 0     | 378   | 0 | 0 |
| Disposals during the year                   | 0     | 0     | 0 | 0 |
| Cost at 31.12                               | 985   | 985   | 0 | 0 |
| Depreciation and impairment losses at 01.01 | (531) | (357) | 0 | 0 |
| Depreciation for the year                   | (188) | (174) | 0 | 0 |
| Disposals during the year                   | 0     | 0     | 0 | 0 |
| Depreciation and impairment losses at 31.12 | (719) | (531) | 0 | 0 |
| Carrying amount at 31.12                    | 266   | 454   | 0 | 0 |
|   |       |       |   |   |

|                                    | Grou    | Group   |         | Parent Company |  |
|------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|----------------|--|
|                                    | 2024    | 2023    | 2024    | 2023           |  |
| 17. Other assets                   | DKK'000 | DKK'000 | DKK'000 | DKK'000        |  |
| Trade receivables                  | 37,017  | 35,193  | 0       | 0              |  |
| Receivables from related companies | 0       | 0       | 6,839   | 99             |  |
| Security deposit                   | 914     | 816     | 0       | 0              |  |
| Interest receivable                | 2,507   | 3,405   | 0       | 0              |  |
| Other assets                       | 6,017   | 15,824  | 0       | 0              |  |
| Total other assets                 | 46,455  | 55,238  | 6,839   | 99             |  |



#### 18. Debt to credit institutions and central banks

| Request | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|---------|---|---|---|---|
| Total   | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

|                            | Grou    | Group   |         | Parent Company |  |
|----------------------------|---------|---------|---------|----------------|--|
|                            | 2024    | 2023    | 2024    | 2023           |  |
| 19. Other liabilities      | DKK'000 | DKK'000 | DKK'000 | DKK'000        |  |
| Debt to subsidiaries       | 0       | 0       | 12,000  | 0              |  |
| Provisions for staff costs | 8,415   | 9,844   | 500     | 744            |  |
| Creditors                  | 4,856   | 3,513   | 72      | 36             |  |
| Repo CLO I*)               | 68,785  | 102,328 | 0       | 0              |  |
| Repo CLO III **)           | 77,836  | 109,032 | 0       | 0              |  |
| Repo CLO IV ***)           | 38,790  | 92,445  | 0       | 0              |  |
| Other liabilities          | 943     | 4,565   | 0       | 0              |  |
| Total other liabilities    | 199,625 | 321,727 | 12,572  | 780            |  |

\*) The loan will be repaid no later than 15 July 2030

\*\*) The loan will be repaid no later than 20 January 2031

\*\*\*) The loan will be repaid no later than 10 March 2027

#### 20. Share capital

The share capital amounts to DKK 1,519,944 and consists of shares in denominations of DKK 1, distributed on 1,115,664 class A shares, 295,080 class B shares and 109,200 class C shares.

| Share capital at 01.01.    | 1,491 |
|----------------------------|-------|
| Issue (exchange of shares) | 29    |
| Share capital at 31.12     | 1,520 |

|                          | No. of shares | Nominal<br>Value | Share (%)   |
|--------------------------|---------------|------------------|-------------|
| Own shares 01.01.2023    | 17,928        | 17,928           | 1.21%       |
| Purchase                 | 0             | 0                | 0.00%       |
| Sale                     | (1,435)       | (1,435)          | 0.10%       |
| Own shares 31.12.2023    | 16,493        | 16,493           | 1.12%       |
| Purchase                 | 10,337        | 10,337           | 0.70%       |
| Sale                     | (5,776)       | (5,776)          | 0.39%       |
| Own shares 31.12.2024    | 21,054        | 21,054           | 1.43%       |
| Purchase price of shares |               |                  | 300,0       |
| Sales price of shares    |               |                  | 175,8-300,0 |

Sale and repurchase of shares relate to share-based remuneration to employees.



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|  | Group   |         |
|--|---------|---------|
|  | 2024    | 2023    |
| 21. Contingent liabilities   | DKK'000 | DKK'000 |
| Warranty to the Danish Deposit Guarantee Fund  | 370     | 455     |
| The Company has entered into a lease on office premises which includes an            |         |         |
| obligation of refurbishment in the event of termination and vacation                 | 1,214   | 1,116   |
| Apart from this, the Group has no assets charged, collateral or similar obligations. |         |         |
| In addition, Accunia A/S has the following contingent liabilities:                   |         |         |
| Accunia A/S has provided a guarantee on the business credit facilities of Accunia    |         |         |
| Fondsmæglerselskab A/S   | 25,000  | 25,000  |

Accunia A/S serves as administration company in a joint taxation arrangement with the Danish subsidiaries. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed Danish companies proportionally to their taxable income. Each company in the joint taxation arrangement is liable for the portion of income taxes, tax prepayments and residual taxes, including surcharges and interest, related to the portion of income allocated to the company.

When using losses sustained by group companies, Accunia A/S is as the administration company obliged to pay the taxbased value of the loss to the company having sustained such loss. The group companies using the losses are obliged to pay Accunia A/S an amount equivalent to the tax-based value of the loss used. When receiving payment from the subsidiaries for the losses used, liability will fall to Accunia A/S.

Accunia A/S and its Danish subsidiaries are jointly registered for VAT. The jointly registered entities are jointly and severally liable for payment of taxes for the respective tax years in which they have been subject to joint registration.

#### 22. Related parties

All related party transactions have been conducted on an arm's length basis or a cost recovery basis.

#### Related parties with controlling influence on the Company

There are no related parties with a controlling interest in the Company.

#### Transactions with related parties during the year

Accunia A/S has had the following transactions with related parties in the financial year:

| Name                           | Basis of influence    | Nature and scope of transactions |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|
| Peter Aandahl                  | Chairman of the Board | Asset management fee             |
| Jørgen Clausen                 | Member of the Board   | Asset management fee             |
| Carsten K. Gomard              | Member of the Board   | Asset management fee             |
| Allan Gross-Nielsen            | Member of the Board   | Asset management fee             |
| Accunia Fondsmæglerselskab A/S | Affiliated company    | Dividend                         |

In addition, the Parent Company Accunia A/S has transactions in the form of taxation (joint taxation) and purchase and sale of bonds. All related party transactions have been conducted on an arm's length basis.



### 23. Consolidation

Accunia A/S is parent company in the Group for which consolidated financial statements are prepared.

#### 24. Shareholder relations

The Company has registered the following shareholders to hold more than 5% of the voting share capital or of the nominal value of the share capital:

Buresø Invest ApS Tværvej 29 Buresø 3550 Slangerup

Aandahl A/S Trørødvej 38 2950 Vedbæk

Hempel Invest A/S Amaliegade 8 1256 København K

Henrik Nordby Christensen Bukkeballevej 52B 2960 Rungsted Kyst

The shareholders have signed a shareholders' agreement.

Kysing ApS Jelshøjvej 15 8270 Højbjerg

Droob ApS Kongensgade 18, 1 6700 Esbjerg

Carsten Gomard Holding ApS Dronninggårds Alle 10 2840 Holte

